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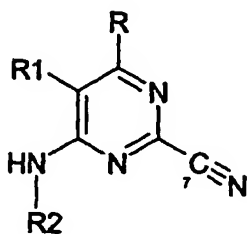
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(54) Title: CYSTEINE PROTEASE INHIBITORS WITH 2-CYANO-4-AMINO-PYRIMIDINE STRUCTURE AND CATHEPSIN
K INHIBITORY ACTIVITY FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATIONS AND OTHER DISEASES



(57) Abstract: The invention provides compounds of formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof (I), wherein the symbols have meaning as defined, which are inhibitors of cathepsin K and find use pharmaceutically for treatment of diseases and medical conditions in which cathepsin K is implicated, e.g. various disorders including inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, osteoporosis and tumors.

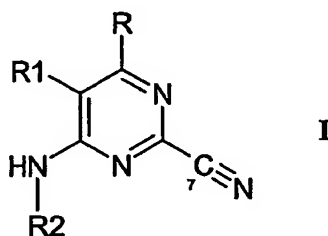
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CYSTEINE PROTEASE INHIBITORS WITH 2-CYANO-4-AMINO-PYRIMIDINE STRUCTURE AND CATHEPSIN K INHIBITORY ACTIVITY FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATIONS AND OTHER DISEASES.

This invention relates to inhibitors of cysteine proteases, in particular to heteroaryl nitrile cathepsin K inhibitors and to their pharmaceutical use for the treatment or prophylaxis of diseases or medical conditions in which cathepsin K is implicated.

Cathepsin K is a member of the family of lysosomal cysteine cathepsin enzymes, e.g. cathepsins B, K, L and S, which are implicated in various disorders including inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, osteoporosis, tumors (especially tumor invasion and tumor metastasis), coronary disease, atherosclerosis (including atherosclerotic plaque rupture and destabilization), autoimmune diseases, respiratory diseases, infectious diseases and immunologically mediated diseases (including transplant rejection).

Accordingly the present invention provides a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein

R is H, -R4, -OR4 or NR3R4,

wherein R3 is H, lower alkyl or C₃ to C₁₀ cycloalkyl, and

R4 is lower alkyl or C₃ to C₁₀ cycloalkyl, and

wherein R3 and R4 are independently, optionally substituted by halo, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, CN, NO₂, or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino;

R1 is -CO-NR5R6, -NH-CO-R5, -CH₂-NH-C(O)-R5, -CO-R5, -S(O)-R5, -S(O)₂-R5, -CH₂-CO-R5 or -CH₂-NR5R6,

wherein

R5 is aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl,

R6 is H, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, aryl-lower-alkenyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl, or

wherein R5 and R6 together with the nitrogen atom to which they attached are joined to form an N-heterocyclyl group,

wherein N-heterocyclyl denotes a saturated, partially unsaturated or aromatic nitrogen containing heterocyclic moiety attached via a nitrogen atom thereof having from 3 to 8 ring atoms optionally containing a further 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR7, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R7 is H or optionally substituted (lower alkyl, carboxy, acyl (including both lower alkyl acyl, e.g. formyl, acetyl or propionyl, or aryl acyl, e.g. benzoyl), amido, aryl, S(O) or S(O)₂), and wherein the N-heterocyclyl is optionally fused in a bicyclic structure, e.g. with a benzene or pyridine ring, and wherein the N-heterocyclyl is optionally linked in a spiro structure with a 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl or heterocyclic ring wherein the heterocyclic ring has from 3 to 10 ring members and contains from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR6, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R6 is as defined above), and

wherein heterocyclyl denotes a ring having from 3 to 10 ring members and containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR7, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R7 is as defined above), and

wherein R5 and R6 are independently, optionally substituted by one or more groups, e.g. 1-3 groups, selected from halo, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, CN or NO₂, or optionally substituted (optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino, lower-alkoxy, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, N-heterocyclyl or N-heterocyclyl-lower alkyl (wherein the optional substitution comprises from 1 to 3 substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy-lower alkyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, CN, NO₂, N-heterocyclyl or N-heterocyclyl-lower alkyl, or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino;

R2 is is independently H, or optionally substituted (lower alkyl, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl), and

wherein R₂ is optionally substituted by halo, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, CN, NO₂, or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino.

Above and elsewhere in the present description the following terms have the following meanings.

Halo or halogen denote I, Br, Cl or F.

The term "lower" referred to above and hereinafter in connection with organic radicals or compounds respectively defines such as branched or unbranched with up to and including 7, preferably up to and including 5 and advantageously one, two or three carbon atoms.

A lower alkyl group is branched or unbranched and contains 1 to 7 carbon atoms, preferably 1-5 carbon atoms. Lower alkyl represents; for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, isopropyl isobutyl, tertiary butyl or neopentyl (2,2-dimethylpropyl).

Halo-substituted lower alkyl is C₁-C₇ lower alkyl substituted by up to 6 halo atoms.

A lower alkoxy group is branched or unbranched and contains 1 to 7 carbon atoms, preferably 1-4 carbon atoms. Lower alkoxy represents for example methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isopropoxy, isobutoxy or tertiary butoxy.

A lower alkene, alkenyl or alkenyloxy group is branched or unbranched and contains 2 to 7 carbon atoms, preferably 2-4 carbon atoms and contains at least one carbon-carbon double bond. Lower alkene lower alkenyl or lower alkenyloxy represents for example vinyl, prop-1-enyl, allyl, butenyl, isopropenyl or isobutenyl and the oxy equivalents thereof.

A lower alkyne, alkynyl or alkynyloxy group is branched or unbranched and contains 2 to 7 carbon atoms, preferably 2-4 carbon atoms and contains at least one carbon-carbon triple bond. Lower alkyne or alkynyl represents for example ethynyl, prop-1-ynyl, propargyl, butynyl, isopropynyl or isobutynyl and the oxy equivalents thereof.

In the present description, oxygen containing substituents, e.g. alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, carbonyl, etc. encompass their sulphur containing homologues, e.g. thioalkoxy, thioalkenyloxy, thioalkynyloxy, thiocarbonyl, sulphone, sulphoxide etc.

Aryl represents carbocyclic or heterocyclic aryl.

Carbocyclic aryl represents monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl, for example phenyl or phenyl mono-, di- or tri-substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryl, hydroxy, halogen, cyano, trifluoromethyl, lower alkylenedioxy and oxy-C₂-C₃-alkylene and other substituents, for instance as described in the examples; or 1- or 2-naphthyl; or 1- or 2-phenanthrenyl. Lower alkylenedioxy is a divalent substituent attached to two adjacent carbon atoms of phenyl, e.g. methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy. Oxy-C₂-C₃-alkylene is also a divalent substituent attached to two adjacent carbon atoms of phenyl, e.g. oxyethylene or oxypropylene. An example for oxy-C₂-C₃-alkylene-phenyl is 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl.

Preferred as carbocyclic aryl is naphthyl, phenyl or phenyl optionally substituted, for instance, as described in the examples, e.g. mono- or disubstituted by lower alkoxy, phenyl, halogen, lower alkyl or trifluoromethyl.

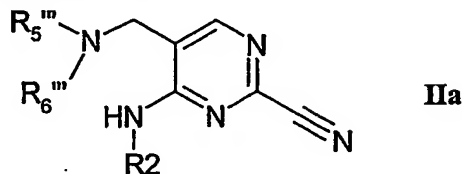
Heterocyclic aryl represents monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl, for example pyridyl, indolyl, quinoxaliny, quinoliny, isoquinoliny, benzothienyl, benzofuranyl, benzopyranyl, benzothiopyranyl, furanyl, pyrrolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, or any said radical substituted, especially mono- or di-substituted as defined above.

Preferably, heterocyclic aryl is pyridyl, indolyl, quinoliny, pyrrolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, thienyl, or any said radical substituted, especially mono- or di-substituted as defined above.

Cycloalkyl represents a saturated cyclic hydrocarbon optionally substituted by lower alkyl which contains 3 to 10 ring carbons and is advantageously cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl or cyclooctyl optionally substituted by lower alkyl.

N-heterocyclyl is as defined above. Preferred N-heterocyclic substituents are optionally substituted pyrrolidine, pyrrole, diazole, triazole, tetrazole, imidazole, oxazole, thiazole, pyridine, pyrimidine, triazine, piperidine, piperazine, morpholine, phthalimide, hydantoin, oxazolidinone or 2,6-dioxo-piperazine and, for example, as hereinafter described in the examples.

In a further embodiment the invention provides a compound of formula IIa, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein R2 is as defined above and R5''' and R6''' are as defined above for R5 and R6 respectively.

R2 is preferably R2' which is lower alkyl, e.g. straight chain or more preferably branched-chain C₁-C₆ alkyl, e.g. especially 2-ethylbutyl, isobutyl, or 2,2-dimethylpropyl; or C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, especially cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

R5''' and R6''' may be such that R5''' and R6''' together with the nitrogen atom to which they are joined to form an N-heterocyclyl group

R5''' is preferably optionally substituted (aryl-lower-alkyl, heterocyclyl-aryl, N-heterocyclyl-aryl or aryl-N-heterocyclyl (where N-heterocyclyl is as defined above).

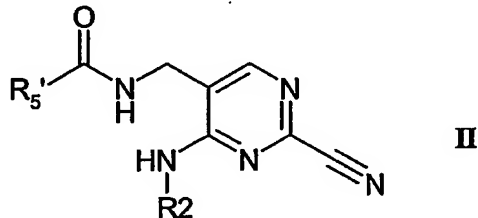
R5''' is preferably optionally substituted by from 1-4 substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, nitro, cyano, lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy or lower-alkoxy-lower-alkyl.

For example, R5''' is 4-methoxy-benzyl, 3-methoxy-benzyl, 4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzyl, 4-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzyl, 1-methyl-1-phenyl-ethyl, 2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl-ethyl, 2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-[4-(4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-[3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-[3-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-[3-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-ethyl, 2-[3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl, 2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-[4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl, 2-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-pyrrol-1-yl-ethyl, 3-piperidin-1-yl-propyl

2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-methyl-propyl, 2-methyl-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propyl, 2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2-methyl-propyl, 2-{4-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2-methyl-propyl, 2-{4-[pyrimidin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2-methyl-propyl, 4-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 1-methyl-1-(1-phenyl-cyclopropyl)-ethyl,

For example, R5''' and R6''' together with the nitrogen atom to which they are joined to form an N-heterocyclyl group is 4-(2-pyridin-4-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, [4-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-pyridin-4-ylmethyl-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(2-Diethylamino-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(3-Diethylamino-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-(1-methyl-piperidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-yl, 4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-piperidin-1-yl, 4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl

In a preferred embodiment the invention provides a compound of formula II, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein R2 is as defined above and R5' is as defined above for R5.

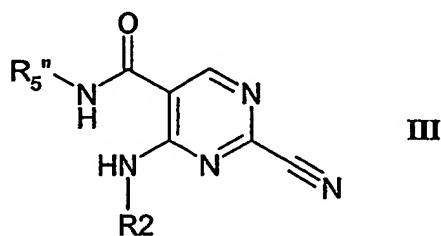
R2 is preferably R2' which is lower alkyl, e.g. straight chain or more preferably branched-chain C₁-C₆ alkyl, e.g. especially 2-ethylbutyl, isobutyl, or 2,2-dimethylpropyl; or C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, especially cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

R5' is preferably optionally substituted (aryl-lower-alkyl, heterocyclyl-aryl, N-heterocyclyl-aryl or aryl-N-heterocyclyl (where N-heterocyclyl is as defined above).

R5' is preferably optionally substituted by from 1-4 substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, nitro, cyano, lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkoxy-carbonyl or lower-alkoxy-lower-alkyl.

For example, R5' is 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-(1-propyl-piperidin-4-yl)-phenyl, 4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 4-[1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperidin-4-yl]-phenyl, 4-(4-propyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 3-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionyl, 3-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionyl, 4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 4-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl, 4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl, 4-piperazin-1-yl-phenyl, 4-[4-(carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester) piperazino-1-yl]-phenyl, 3-[4-(carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester) piperazino-1-yl]-phenyl, 3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 3-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 3-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl, 3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl, 3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl, 3-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl, 3-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-dimethylaminomethyl-phenyl, 4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl, 4-[1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperidin-4-ylmethyl]-phenyl, 4-methoxy-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl, 3-[4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2,2-dimethyl-propionyl, 3-[4-(4-propyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionyl, 3-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-propionyl, 3-[3-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2,2-dimethyl-propionyl, 3-{3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2,2-dimethyl-propionyl, 3-{3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2,2-dimethyl-propionyl, 3-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-propionyl, 2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-isobutyl, 2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetyl, 2-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-acetyl, 2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetyl, 2-[4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetyl, 2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetyl, 2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-acetyl, 2-[4-(2-diethylamino-ethylamino)-phenyl]-isobutyl, 2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-isobutyl.

In a further preferred embodiment the invention provides a compound of formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein R2 is as defined above and R5'' is as defined above for R5.

R2 is preferably R2'' which is lower alkyl, e.g. straight chain or more preferably branched-chain C₁-C₆ alkyl, e.g. especially 2-ethylbutyl, isobutyl, or 2,2-dimethylpropyl; or C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, especially cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

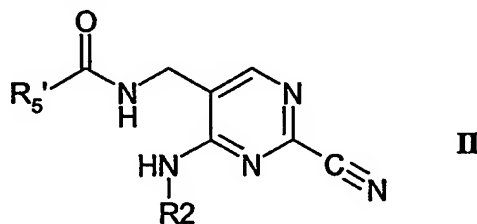
R5'' is preferably optionally substituted (aryl-loweralkyl, aryl-aryl, N-heterocyclyl-aryl or aryl-N-heterocyclyl (where N-heterocyclyl is as defined above).

R5'' is preferably optionally substituted by from 1-4 substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, nitro, cyano, optionally mono- or di-loweralkyl substituted amino, oxo, lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, lower-alkynyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl or C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl.

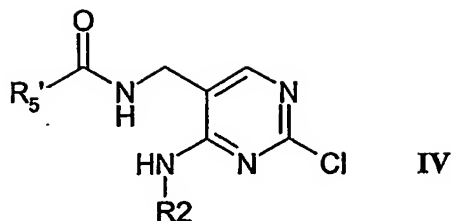
For example, R5'' is 4-methoxybenzyl, 5-methyl-2-phenyl-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl, 4-chlorobenzyl, 4-dimethylaminobenzyl, benzyl, 2-phenyl-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl, 2-phenyl-phenyl, 2-pyrrol-1-yl-phenyl, 2-imidazol-1-yl-phenyl, 5-methyl-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl, 5-methyl-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl and 5-methyl-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl, 2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-[3-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethylamino)-phenyl]-ethyl, 2-{3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl, 2-(4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-ethyl, 2-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl.

Particularly preferred compounds of the invention are the compounds of formula II, IIa and III as described in the examples.

Compounds of formula II, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or ester thereof



wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above, may be prepared by cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula IV

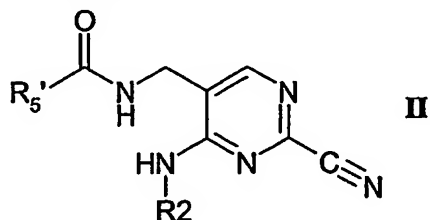


wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above; for instance, substantially as described in the examples.

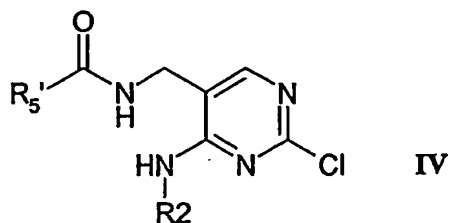
The above cyanation reactions may be carried out under various conditions and in the presence of solvents and other reagents as required, including catalysts and co-factors as known in the art and for instance, as hereinafter described in the examples.

The starting materials may be prepared and the coupled and cyclised products may be converted into other compounds of formula II and salts and esters thereof using methods and procedures known in the art, and as hereinafter described in the examples.

Accordingly the present invention further provides a process for the preparation of a compound of Formula II or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

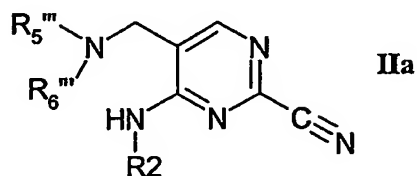


wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above, comprising cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula IV

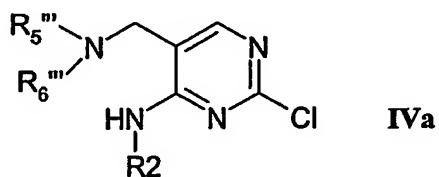


wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula II, or into a salt or ester thereof.

Compounds of Formula IIa or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

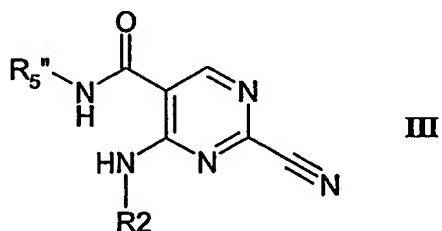


wherein R2, R5''' and R6''' are as defined above, comprising cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula IVa

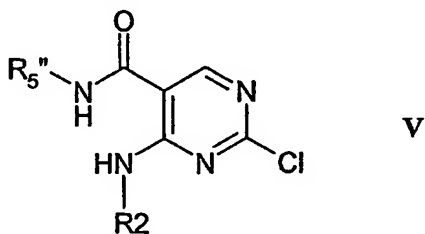


wherein R2, R5''' and R6''' are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula IIa, or into a salt or ester thereof.

Compounds of formula III or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or esters thereof

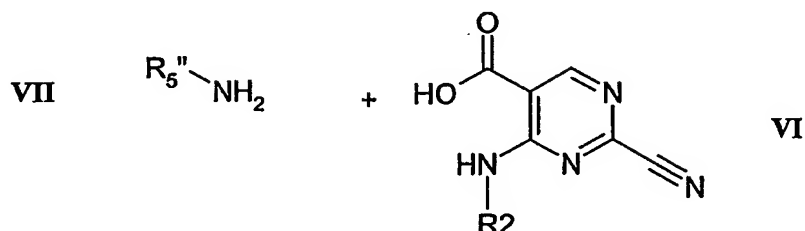


wherein R2 and R5'' are as defined above, may be prepared either
by cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula V



or

coupling of a carboxylic acid precursor of formula VI with a corresponding amine of formula VII

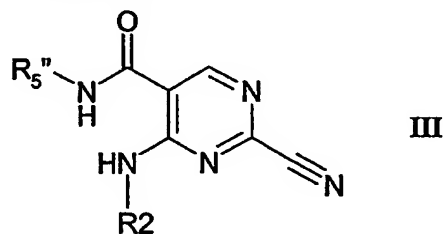


wherein the R₂ and R₅^{''} are as defined above; for instance, substantially as described in the examples.

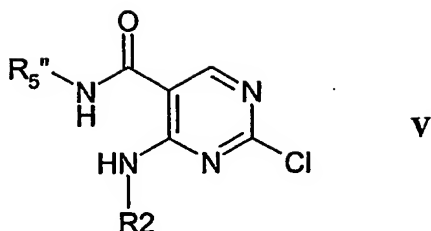
The above coupling and cyanation reactions may be carried out under various conditions and in the presence of solvents and other reagents as required, including catalysts and co-factors as known in the art and for instance, as hereinafter described in the examples.

The starting materials may be prepared and the coupled and cyclised products may be converted into other compounds of formula III and salts and esters thereof using methods and procedures known in the art, and as hereinafter described in the examples.

Accordingly the present invention further provides a process for the preparation of a compound of Formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

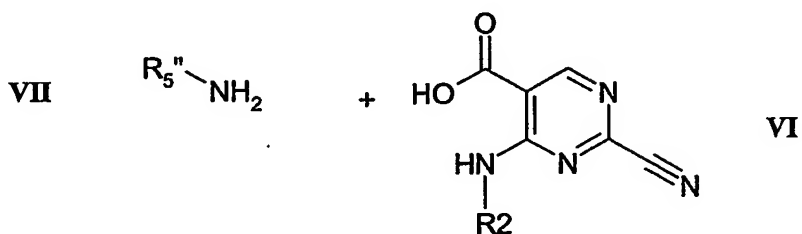


wherein R₂ and R₃ are as defined above, comprising
either
cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula V



or

coupling of a carboxylic acid precursor of formula VI with a corresponding amine of formula VII



wherein the R₂ and R₅^{''} are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula III, or into a salt or ester thereof.

Compounds of formula I, II and III as defined above and the compounds of the Examples are hereinafter referred to as Compounds of the Invention.

Compounds of the invention are either obtained in the free form, or as a salt thereof if salt forming groups are present.

Compounds of the Invention having basic groups can be converted into acid addition salts, especially pharmaceutically acceptable salts. These are formed, for example, with inorganic acids, such as mineral acids, for example sulfuric acid, a phosphoric or hydrohalic acid, or with organic carboxylic acids, such as (C₁-C₄)alkanecarboxylic acids which, for example, are unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, for example acetic acid, such as saturated or unsaturated dicarboxylic acids, for example oxalic, succinic, maleic or fumaric acid, such as hydroxycarboxylic acids, for example glycolic, lactic, malic, tartaric or citric acid, such as amino acids, for example aspartic or glutamic acid, or with organic sulfonic acids, such as (C₁-C₄)-alkylsulfonic

acids (for example methanesulfonic acid) or arylsulfonic acids which are unsubstituted or substituted (for example by halogen). Preferred are salts formed with hydrochloric acid, methanesulfonic acid and maleic acid.

In view of the close relationship between the free compounds and the compounds in the form of their salts, whenever a compound is referred to in this context, a corresponding salt is also intended, provided such is possible or appropriate under the circumstances.

The compounds, including their salts, can also be obtained in the form of their hydrates, or include other solvents used for their crystallization.

The compounds of the invention exhibit valuable pharmacological properties in mammals and are particularly useful as inhibitors of cathepsin K.

The cathepsin K inhibitory effects of the compound of the invention can be demonstrated in vitro by measuring the inhibition of e.g. recombinant human cathepsin K.

The in vitro assay is carried out as follows:

For cathepsin K:

The assay is performed in 96 well microtiter plates at ambient temperature using recombinant human cathepsin K. Inhibition of cathepsin K is assayed at a constant enzyme (0.16 nM) and substrate concentration (54 mM Z-Phe-Arg-AMCA - Peptide Institute Inc. Osaka, Japan) in 100 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0, containing 2 mM dithiothreitol, 20 mM Tween 80 and 1 mM EDTA. Cathepsin K is preincubated with the inhibitors for 30 min, and the reaction is initiated by the addition of substrate. After 30 min incubation the reaction is stopped by the addition of E-64 (2 mM), and fluorescence intensity is read on a multi-well plate reader at excitation and emission wavelengths of 360 and 460 nm, respectively. Compounds of the Invention typically have IC_{50} s for inhibition of human cathepsin K of less than about 100nM down to about 1nM or less, preferably of about 5nM or less, e.g. about 1nM. Thus for example, the compounds of Examples I-22 and I-23 have IC_{50} s for inhibition of human cathepsin K of 3nM and 1.5 nM respectively.

In view of their activity as inhibitors of cathepsin K, Compounds of the Invention are particularly useful in mammals as agents for treatment and prophylaxis of diseases and medical conditions involving elevated levels of cathepsin K. Such diseases include diseases involving infection by organisms such as *pneumocystis carinii*, *trypanoma cruzi*, *trypanoma brucei*, *crithidia fusciculata*, as well as parasitic diseases such as schistosomiasis and malaria, tumours (tumour invasion and tumour metastasis), and other diseases such as metachromatic leukodystrophy, muscular dystrophy, amyotrophy and similar diseases.

Cathepsin K, has been implicated in diseases of excessive bone loss, and thus the Compounds of the Invention may be used for treatment and prophylaxis of such diseases, including osteoporosis, gingival diseases such as gingivitis and periodontitis, Paget's disease, hypercalcemia of malignancy, e.g. tumour-induced hypercalcemia and metabolic bone disease. Also the Compounds of the Invention may be use for treatment or prophylaxis of diseases of excessive cartilage or matrix degradation, including osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis as well as certain neoplastic diseases involving expression of high levels of proteolytic enzymes and matrix degradation.

Compounds of the Invention, are also indicated for preventing or treating coronary disease, atherosclerosis (including atherosclerotic plaque rupture and destabilization), autoimmune diseases, respiratory diseases and immunologically mediated diseases (including transplant rejection).

Compounds of the Invention are particularly indicated for preventing or treating osteoporosis of various genesis (e.g. juvenile, menopausal, post-menopausal, post-traumatic, caused by old age or by cortico-steroid therapy or inactivity).

Beneficial effects are evaluated in in vitro and in vivo pharmacological tests generally known in the art, and as illustrated herein.

The above cited properties are demonstrable in in vitro and in vivo tests, using advantageously mammals, e.g. rats, mice, dogs, rabbits, monkeys or isolated organs and tissues, as well as mammalian enzyme preparations, either natural or prepared by e.g. recombinant technology. Compounds of the Invention can be applied in vitro in the form of solutions, e.g. preferably aqueous solutions or suspensions, and in vivo either enterally

or parenterally, advantageously orally, e.g. as a suspension or in aqueous solution, or as a solid capsule or tablet formulation. The dosage in vitro may range between about 10^{-5} molar and 10^{-9} molar concentrations. The dosage in vivo may range, depending on the route of administration, between about 0.1 and 100 mg/kg.

The antiarthritic efficacy of the Compounds of the Invention for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis can be determined using models such as or similar to the rat model of adjuvant arthritis, as described previously (R.E. Esser, et. al. J. Rheumatology, 1993, 20, 1176.)

The efficacy of the compounds of the invention for the treatment of osteoarthritis can be determined using models such as or similar to the rabbit partial lateral meniscectomy model, as described previously (Colombo et al. Arth. Rheum. 1993 26, 875-886). The efficacy of the compounds in the model can be quantified using histological scoring methods, as described previously (O'Byrne et al. Inflamm Res 1995, 44, S117-S118).

The efficacy of the compounds of the invention for the treatment of osteoporosis can be determined using an animal model such as the ovariectomised rat or other similar species, e.g. rabbit or monkey, in which test compounds are administered to the animal and the presence of markers of bone resorption are measured in urine or serum (e.g. as described in Osteoporos Int (1997) 7:539-543).

Accordingly in further aspects the invention provides:

A Compound of the Invention for use as a pharmaceutical;
a pharmaceutical composition comprising a Compound of the Invention as an active ingredient;
a method of treating a patient suffering from or susceptible to a disease or medical condition in which cathepsin K is implicated, comprising administering an effective amount of a Compound of the Invention to the patient, and
the use of a Compound of the Invention for the preparation of a medicament for therapeutic or prophylactic treatment of a disease or medical condition in which cathepsin K is implicated.

The present invention relates to methods of using Compounds of the Invention and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or pharmaceutical compositions thereof, in mammals for inhibiting cathepsin K, and for the treatment of cathepsin K dependent conditions, such as the cathepsin K dependent conditions, described herein, e.g. inflammation, osteoporosis, rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis.

Particularly the present invention relates to a method of selectively inhibiting cathepsin K activity in a mammal which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof an effective cathepsin K inhibiting amount of a Compound of the Invention.

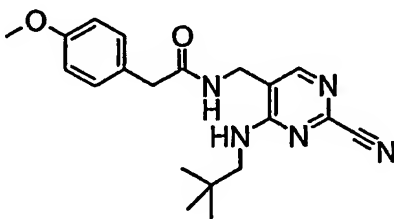
More specifically such relates to a method of treating osteoporosis, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, and inflammation (and other diseases as identified above) in mammals comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof a correspondingly effective amount of a Compound of the Invention.

The following examples are intended to illustrate the invention and are not to be construed as being limitations thereon. Temperatures are given in degrees Centigrade. If not mentioned otherwise, all evaporations are performed under reduced pressure, preferably between about 15 and 100 mm Hg (= 20-133 mbar). The structure of final products, intermediates and starting materials is confirmed by standard analytical methods, e.g. microanalysis and spectroscopic characteristics (e.g. MS, IR, NMR). Abbreviations used are those conventional in the art.

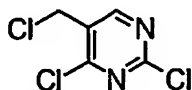
EXAMPLES

Example I describes the preparation of 2-Cyano-Pyrimidine-5-ylmethyl-amides

1. N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-Pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetamide



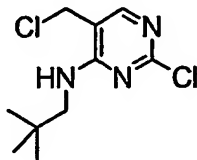
A. 2,4-Dichloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidine



To 50 ml of POCl_3 is added 21.5 g (103.5 mmol) of PCl_5 and 4.0 g (27.6 mmol) of 5-(hydroxymethyl)-uracil. The resulting reaction mixture is stirred at 115 °C for 15 h. The reaction mixture is then cooled to r.t. and distilled, to yield 2,4-dichloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidine as a colourless liquid, boiling point 74 °C (0.01 mbar).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): 8.64 (s, 1H) , 4.62 (s, 2H).

B. (2-Chloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine



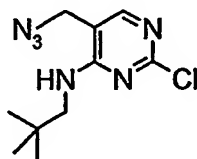
A solution of 3.47 g (17.57 mmol) of 2,4-dichloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidine and 2.9 ml (21.08 mmol) triethylamine in 29 ml of THF is cooled to - 5 °C and 2.2 ml (17.57 mmol)

2,2-dimethyl-propylamin is added over a period of 15 minutes. The reaction mixture is stirred at -5 °C for additional 2 h, then diluted with ethyl acetate and extracted once with brine. The organic layer is separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (hexanes/ethyl acetate) yields (2-chloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine as white crystals.

MS (ES⁺) : 249 (M + H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.94 (s, 1H), 5.4 (m (broad), 1H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 3.4 (d, 2H), 1.02 (s, 9H).

C. (5-Azidomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine



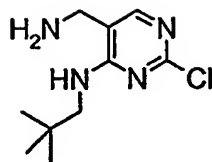
A solution of 1.47 g (5.92 mmol) of (2-chloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine and 0.46 g (7.1 mmol) NaN₃ is dissolved in 6 ml of DMF and was stirred at 30 °C for 2.5 hours. Then the reaction mixture is cooled to r.t., diluted with ethyl acetate and twice extracted with H₂O. The organic layer is separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. Evaporation of the ethyl acetate yielded (5-azidomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine as white crystals.

Mp.: 133 – 136 °C.

MS (ES⁺) : 255 (M + H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 5.49 (t (broad), 1H), 4.2 (s, 2H), 3.37 (d, 2H), 1 (s, 9H).

D. (5-Aminomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine

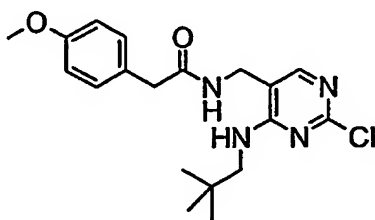


A solution of 1.47 g (15.77 mmol) (5-azidomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine and 1.67 g (6.35 mmol) of triphenylphosphine in 20 ml of THF and 0.08ml of H₂O is stirred at r.t. for 24 h.. Then the solvent is removed and the residue dissolved in 40 ml EtOH and 17 ml NH₃ (25%). This reaction mixture is stirred for 48 h at r.t. and again the solvent is removed. The residue is dissolved in diethylether and twice extracted with 25 ml of 1N HCl. Both acidic extracts were combined and once more extracted with diethylether, then the acidic layer is evaporated under vacuo. The solid residue was triturated with diethylether yielding (5-Aminomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine 2HCl as slightly yellow crystals.

MS (ES⁺) : 229 (M + H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): 8.27 (s, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 1.01 (s, 9H).

E. N-[2-Chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)acetamide

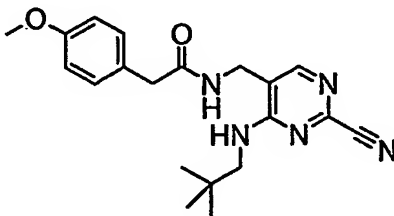


To a solution of 0.089 g (0.38 mmol) of (5-aminomethyl-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine and 0.27 ml (1.6 mmol) DIEA in 2.5 ml of DMF 0.063g (0.38 mmol) of (4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetic acid is added and the reaction mixture is stirred at r.t for 16 h. The reaction mixture is then diluted with ethyl acetate and twice washed with H₂O, the organic layer is separated and dried over Na₂SO₄ and then concentrated under reduced pressure. Flash chromatography (ethyl acetate/hexanes 1:1) of the residue provided N-[2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)acetamide as white crystals.

MS (ES⁺) : 377 (M + H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.11 (m, 3H), 6.85 (d, 2H), 6.22 (t, 1H), 4.2 (d, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.3 (d, 2H), 0.98 (s, 9H).

F. N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetamide

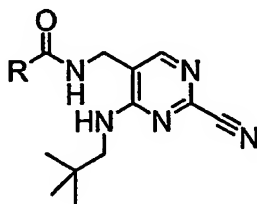


A solution of 0.036 g (0.096 mmol) of N-[2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)acetamide, 0.013 g (0.192 mmol) of KCN and 0.011 g (0.096 mmol) of 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octan in 1 ml of DMSO/H₂O (85:15) is stirred for 45 minutes at 60 °C. The reaction mixture is cooled to r.t. and subjected to preparative HPLC. N-[2-cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetamide is obtained as a white solid.

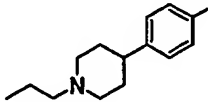
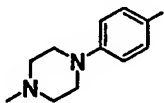
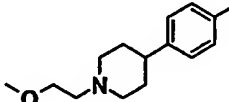
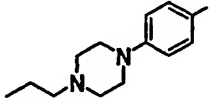
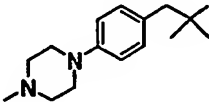
MS (ES⁺) : 368 (M + H)⁺

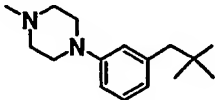
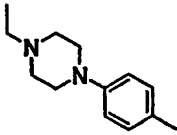
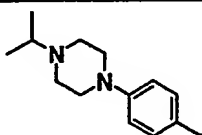
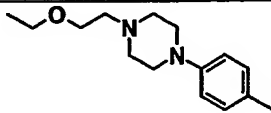
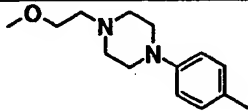
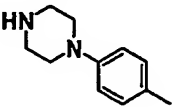
¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.28 (t, 2H), 7.13 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 5.85 (t, 1H), 4.25 (d, 2H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H), 1.0 (s, 9H).

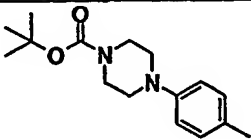
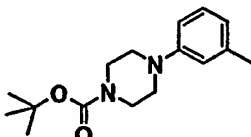
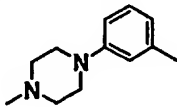
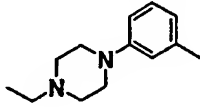
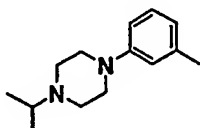
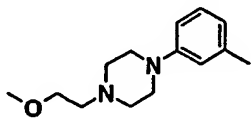
By repeating the procedure described above in example 1, using the appropriate starting materials and conditions the following compounds of formula 2-7 are obtained as identified below in table.



Ex.	R	MS (ES ⁺)	¹ H-NMR
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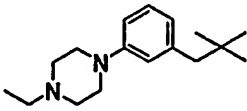
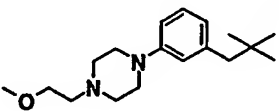
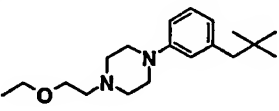
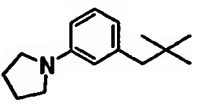
		(M+H) ⁺	
I-1 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(1-propyl-piperidin-4-yl)-benzamide		449	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 2H), 7.5 (t, 1H), 7.32 (d, 2H), 6.8 (t, 1H), 4.51 (d, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H), 3.08 (d, 2H), 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.59 (q, 2H), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.91 (t, 3H).
I-2 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		422	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.9 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, 2H), 7.6 (t, 1H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 6.68 (t, 1H), 4.5 (d, 2H), 3.33 (m, 6H), 2.59 (m, 4H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-3 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-[1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperidin-4-yl]-benzamide		465	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 2H), 7.5 (t, 1H), 7.29 (d, 2H), 6.8 (t, 1H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.65 (t, 2H), 2.6 (t, 3H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-4 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(4-propyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.9 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, 2H), 7.6 (t, 1H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 6.59 (t, 1H), 4.5 (d, 2H), 3.34 (m, 6H), 2.6 (m, 4H), 2.35 (t, 2H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H), 0.98 (t, 3H).
I-5 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2,2-dimethyl-3-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionamide		478	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.62 (t, 1H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.69 (d, 2H), 5.8 (m, 1H), 4.19 (d, 2H), 3.38 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 2H), 2.65 (m, 4H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.1 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H).

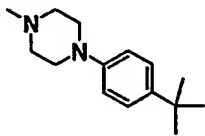
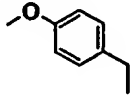
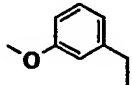
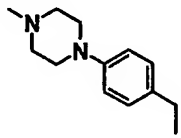
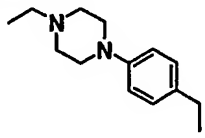
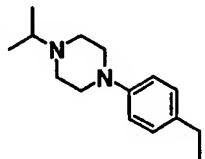
I-6 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2,2-dimethyl-3-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionamide		478	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.8 (s, 1H), 7.51 (t, 1H), 7.04 (t, 1H), 6.69 (d, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.52 (d, 1H), 5.85 (m, 1H), 4.19 (d, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.19 (m, 4H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.63 (m, 4H), 2.4 (s, 3H), 1.1 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H).
I-7 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		436	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.58 (t, 1H), 6.86 (d, 2H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 4.49 (d, 2H), 3.32 (m, 6H), 2.60 (mm, 6H)2.4 (q, 2H)1.12 (t, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-8 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, 2H), 7.54 (t, 1H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.46 (t, 1H), 4.51 (d, 2H), 3.32 (m, 6H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 1.10 (d, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-9 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzamide		479	(400MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, 2H), 7.45 (t, 1H), 6.79 (d, 2H), 6.37 (t, 1H), 4.45 (d, 2H), 3.52 (t, 2H), 3.47 (q, 2H), 3.28 (m, 6H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 1.16 (q, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-10 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzamide		466	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.59 (t, 1H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 6.52 (t, 1H), 4.50 (d, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.33 (m, 6H), 2.63 (m, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-11 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-piperazin-1-yl-benzamide		408	(400MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, 2H), 7.50 (t, 1H), 6.80 (d, 2H), 6.48 (t, 1H), 4.44 (d, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 2.95 (m, 4H), 0.90 (s, 9H).

I-12 4-(4-{[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-carbamoyl}-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester		508	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.54 (t, 1H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.44 (t, 1H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 3.56 (m, 4H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.0 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-13 4-(3-{[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-carbamoyl}-phenyl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester		508	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.48 (t, 1H), 7.35 - 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.10 - 7.02 (m, 2H), 4.50 (d, 2H), 3.55 (m, 4H), 3.33 (d, 2H), 3.16 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-14 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		422	(400MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.72 (2 t (broad), 2H), 4.45 (d, 2H), 3.30 (m, 6H), 2.65 (m, 4H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-15 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		436	(400MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.32 - 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.72 (2 t (broad), 2H), 4.42 (d, 2H), 3.30 (m, 6H), 2.65 (m, 4H), 2.52 (q, 2H), 1.18 (t, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H).
I-16 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.44 (t, 1H, <i>J</i> = 5 Hz), 7.34 - 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.11 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 7 Hz), 7.05 (d, 1H, <i>J</i> = 7 Hz), 6.83 (t, 1H, <i>J</i> = 6 Hz), 4.50 (d, 2H, <i>J</i> = 6 Hz), 3.32 (d, 2H, <i>J</i> = 5 Hz), 3.25 (m, 4H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 7.09 (d, 6H, <i>J</i> = 8 Hz), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-17 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-		466	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.42 (t, 1H), 7.32 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.12 - 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.67 (t, 1H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H),

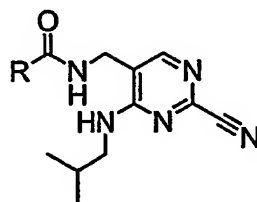
piperazin-1-yl]-benzamide			3.37 (s, 3H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.26 (m, 4H), 2.68 – 2.61 (m, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-18 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzamide		479	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.45 (t, 1H), 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.75 (t, 1H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 3.62 (t, 2H), 3.55 (q, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.23 (m, 4H), 2.68 – 2.60 (m, 6H), 1.22 (t, 3H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-19 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-methoxy-3-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-benzamide		467	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.55 (t, 1H), 7.44 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.0 (t, 1H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 4.50 (d, 2H), 4.20 (t, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 2.94 (t, 2H), 2.62 (m, 4H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-20 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-4-methoxy-benzamide		441	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, 1H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, 1H), 6.81 (t, 1H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 4.18 (t, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 2.80 (t, 2H), 2.37 (s, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-21 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-dimethylaminomethyl-benzamide		381	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 2H, J = 8 Hz), 7.46 (t, 1H, J = 5 Hz), 7.39 (d, 2H, J = 8 Hz), 6.79 (t, 1H, J = 7 Hz), 4.52 (d, 2H, J = 7 Hz), 3.46 (s, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H, J = 5), 2.23 (s, 6H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-22 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-		436	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 2H, J = 8 Hz), 7.44 (t, 1H, J = 5 Hz), 7.21 (d, 2H, J = 8 Hz), 6.87 (t, 1H, J = 7 Hz),

ylmethyl)-benzamide			4.52 (d, 2H, $J = 7$ Hz), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H, $J = 5$ Hz), 2.49 (m, broad, 8H), 1.0 (s, 9H).
I-23 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-[1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperidin-4-ylmethyl]-benzamide		479	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, 2H), 7.53 (t, 1H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 6.88 (t, 1H), 4.50 (d, 2H), 3.48 (t, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.60 – 2.50 (m, 4H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.28 (m, 5H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-24 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-4-methoxy-3-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-benzamide		481	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, 1H, $J = 6$ Hz), 7.42 - 7.33 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, 1H), 6.87 (t, 1H), 4.50 (d, 2H, $J = 7$ Hz), 4.20 (t, 2H, $J = 7$ Hz), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.36 (d, 2H, $J = 6$ Hz), 2.81 (t, 2H, $J = 7$ Hz), 2.51 (m, 4H), 1.60 (m, 4H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-25 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-[4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2,2-dimethyl-propionamide		492	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.66 (t, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.67 (d, 2H), 5.94 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.14 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 2H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.47 (q, 2H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 1.14 (t, 3H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-26 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2,2-dimethyl-3-[4-(4-propyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propionamide		506	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.64 (t, 1H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 6.67 (d, 2H), 5.89 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.15 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 2H), 2.62 (m, 4H), 2.37 (m, 2H), 1.57 (q, 2H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-27 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2,2-		449	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, 1H), 6.84 (d, 2H), 6.37 (d, 2H), 5.84 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H),

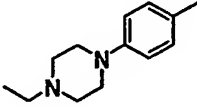
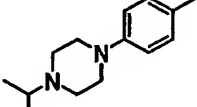
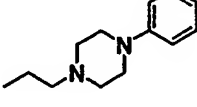
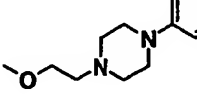
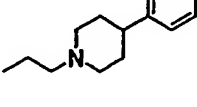
dimethyl-3-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-propionamide			3.37 (d, 2H), 3.24 (m, 4H), 2.69 (s, 2H), 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.18 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-28 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-[3-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2,2-dimethyl-propionamide		492	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, 1H), 7.04 (t, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.62 (m, 1H), 6.50 (m, 1H), 5.82 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.16 (m, 4H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.61 (m, 4H), 2.48 (q, 4H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.13 (t, 3H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-29 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-{3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2,2-dimethyl-propionamide		522	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, 1H), 7.05 (t, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.62 (m, 1H), 6.50 (m, 1H), 5.80 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.66 (m, 4H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-30 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-3-{3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2,2-dimethyl-propionamide		536	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, 1H), 7.05 (t, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.60 (m, 1H), 6.49 (m, 1H), 5.82 (t, 1H), 4.17 (d, 2H), 3.60 (t, 2H), 3.53 (q, 2H), 3.36 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.68 (m, 4H), 1.25 (q, 3H), 1.20 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H).
I-31 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2,2-dimethyl-3-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-propionamide		449	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, 1H), 7.0 (t, 1H), 6.42 (m, 1H), 6.34 (m, 1H), 6.28 (m, 1H), 5.84 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.79 (s, 2H), 2.0 (m, 4H), 1.22 (s, 6H), 1.02 (s, 9H).

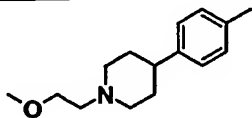
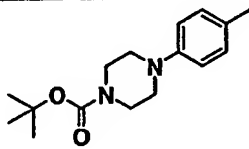
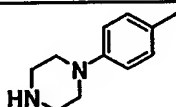
I-32 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-isobutyramide		464	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.22 (t, 1H), 7.15 (d, 2H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 5.61 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.24 (d, 2H) 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H).
I-33 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-acetamide		368	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.25 (t, 1H), 7.13 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 5.85 (t, 1H), 4.25 (d, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.33 (d, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-34 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-acetamide		368	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.87 - 6.74 (m, 3H), 5.88 (t, 1H), 4.25 (d, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.33 (d, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-35 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetamide		436	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, 1H), 7.06 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 5.82 (t, 1H), 4.24 (d, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.33 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.46 (q, 2H), 1.04 (t, 3H), 1.0 (s, 9H).
I-36 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-[4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetamide		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, 1H), 7.06 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 5.84 (t, 1H), 4.22 (d, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.0 (s, 9H).
I-37 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-acetamide		464	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, 1H), 7.06 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 5.83 (t, 1H), 4.22 (d, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.21 (m, 4H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.67 (m, 4H), 1.11 (d, 6H), 0.98 (s, 9H).

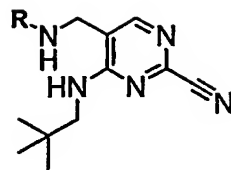
I-38 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-acetamide		407	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.33 (t, 1H), 7.02 (d, 2H), 6.51 (d, 2H), 5.85 (t, 1H), 4.22 (d, 2H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 3.26 (m, 4H), 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.0 (s, 9H).
I-39 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-[4-(2-diethylamino-ethylamino)-phenyl]-isobutyramide		480	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.34 (t, 1H), 7.07 (d, 2H), 6.58 (d, 2H), 5.68 (t, 1H), 4.48 (t, broad, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.10 (t, 2H), 2.68 (t, 2H), 2.54 (q, 4H), 1.52 (s, 6H), 1.03 (m, 15H).
I-40 N-[2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-isobutyramide		435	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.36 (t, 1H), 7.12 (d, 2H), 6.52 (d, 2H), 5.66 (t, 1H), 4.18 (d, 2H), 3.34 (s, 2H), 3.26 (m, 4H), 2.00 (m, 4H), 1.52 (s, 6H), 1.0 (s, 9H).



Ex	R	MS (ES+) (M+H) ⁺	¹ H-NMR
I-41 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		408	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.70 (t, 1H), 7.67 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 6.41 (t, 1H), 4.50 (d, 2H), 3.39 -3.28 (m, 6H), 2.56 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 0.94 (d, 6H).

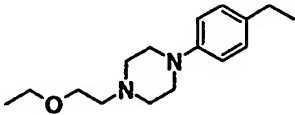
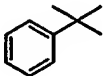
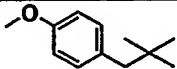
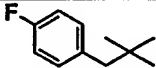
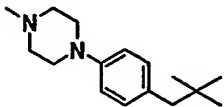
I-42 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		422	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.71 (t, 1H), 7.67 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.52 (t, 1H), 4.48 (d, 2H), 3.38 -3.28 (m, 6H), 2.59 (m, 4H), 2.48 (q, 2H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.13 (t, 3H), 0.94 (d, 6H).
I-43 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		436	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.80 (t, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.73 (t, 1H), 4.48 (d, 2H), 3.36 -3.25 (m, 6H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.66 (m, 4H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.09 (d, 6H), 0.94 (d, 6H).
I-44 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(4-propyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide		436	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.74 (t, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.57 (t, 1H), 4.48 (d, 2H), 3.36 -3.26 (m, 6H), 2.59 (m, 4H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.55 (m, 2H), 0.94 (d & t, 9H).
I-45 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzamide		452	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.74 (t, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.56 (t, 1H), 4.49 (d, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.36 -3.28 (m, 6H), 2.64 (m, 6H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 0.93 (d, 6H)
I-46 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(1-		435	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 2H), 7.61 (t, 1H), 7.30 (d, 2H), 6.69 (t, 1H), 4.51 (d, 2H),

propyl-piperidin-4-yl)-benzamide			3.30 (t, 2H), 3.08 (d, broad, 2H), 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 2H), 2.05 (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.87 - 1.70 (m, 4H), 1.56 (m, 2H), 0.95 (d, 6H), 0.94 (t, 3H).
I-47 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-[1-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperidin-4-yl]-benzamide		451	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, 2H), 7.63 (t, 1H), 7.32 (d, 2H), 6.73 (t, 1H), 4.5 (d, 2H), 3.54 (t, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.30 (t, 3H), 3.10 (d, 2H), 2.62 (t, 2H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.88 - 1.62 (m, 5H), 0.95 (d, 6H).
I-48 4-(4-{[N-2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl]-carbamoyl}-phenyl)-4-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester		494	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.72 (t, 1H), 7.70 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.78 (t, 1H), 4.48 (d, 2H), 3.57 (m, 4H), 3.28 (m, 6H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 0.95 (d, 6H).
I-49 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-piperazin-1-yl-benzamide		394	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.72 (t, 1H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 6.64 (t, 1H), 4.48 (d, 2H), 3.32 - 3.27 (m, 6H), 3.02 (m, 4H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 0.95 (d, 6H).

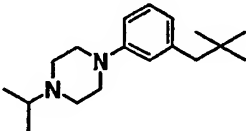
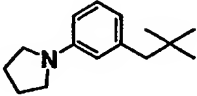
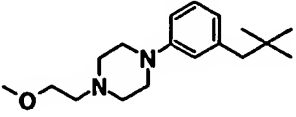
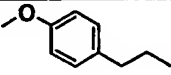


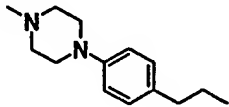
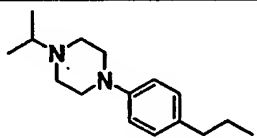
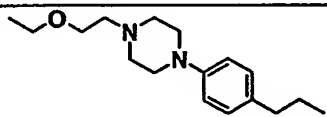
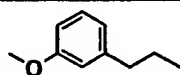
The following amine derivatives are obtained by dissolving (2-Chloro-5-chloromethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine (**1B**) and 1 equivalent of DIEA in DMF, cooling to 0° C and adding 1 equivalent of the corresponding amine dropwise at 0° C. The reaction mixture is stirred at 0° C for 12 h, then diluted with ethyl acetate and extracted once with brine. The organic layer is separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. The product is purified by flash chromatography.

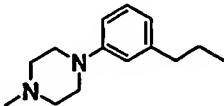
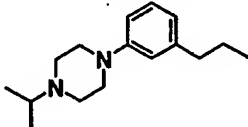
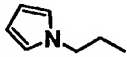
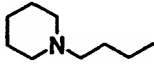
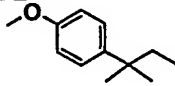
Ex	R	MS (ES+) (M+H) ⁺	¹ H-NMR
I-50 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5- [(4-methoxy-benzylamino)- methyl]- pyrimidine-2- carbonitrile		340	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.14 (d, 2H), 6.86 (d, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.70 (d, 2H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 0.97 (s, 9H).
I-51 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5- [(3-methoxy-benzylamino)- methyl]- pyrimidine-2- carbonitrile		340	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.94 (t, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.84 - 7.77 (m, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (d, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-52 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5- {[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)- benzylamino]- methyl}- pyrimidine-2- carbonitrile		408	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.04 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H).

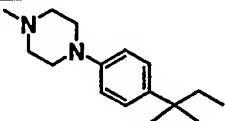
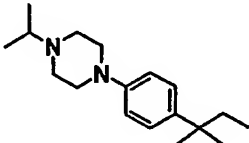
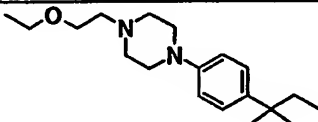
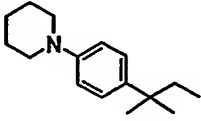
I-53 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-({4-[4-(2-ethoxyethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		466	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.03 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 3.61 (t, 2H), 3.54 (q, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.70 - 2.64 (m, 6H), 1.33 (t, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H).
I-54 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-[(1-methyl-1-phenylethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		338	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.80 (t, 1H), 7.37 (m, 5H), (s, 1H), 7.29 (t, 1H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 3.34 (d, 2H), 1.55 (s, 6H), 1.01 (s, 9H).
I-55 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-{{2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,1-dimethylethylamino}-methyl}-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		382	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.95 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, 2H), 6.83 (d, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 2.70 (s, 2H), 1.15 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-56 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-{{2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylethylamino}-methyl}-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		370	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.85 (t, 1H), 7.10 - 6.94 (m, 4H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.28 (d, 2H), 2.74 (s, 2H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-57 5-({1,1-Dimethyl-2-[4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethylamino}-		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, 2H), 6.85 (d, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.26 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.58

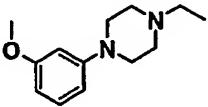
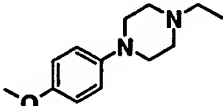
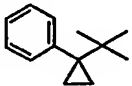
methyl)-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			(m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 2H), 1.14 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-58 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		478	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 6.99 (d, 2H), 6.84 (d, 2H), 3.74 (d, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 6H), 1.15 (s, 6H), 1.10 (d, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-59 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[(2-{4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		494	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, 2H), 6.83 (d, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 2.68 - 2.60 (m, 8H), 1.15 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-60 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[(2-{3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		508	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, 2H), 6.83 (d, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.36 (q, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 2.68 - 2.60 (m, 8H), 1.18 (t, 3H), 1.15 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-61 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[3-(4-ethyl-		464	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.63 -

piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			6.60 (m, 2H), 3.74 (d, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.17 (m, 4H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.59 (m, 4H), 2.48 (q, 2H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 1.14 (t, 3H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-62 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[3-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		478	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.83 (m, 1H), 6.63 - 6.58 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.17 (m, 4H), 2.73 - 2.64 (m, 7H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 1.10 (d, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-63 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-{{[1,1-dimethyl-2-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-ethylamino]-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		421	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.08 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.43 - 6.38 (m, 2H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.27 - 3.20 (m, 2H), 2.72 (s, 2H), 2.00 (m, 4H), 1.18 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-64 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[(2-{3-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		494	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.00 (t, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.80 (m, 1H), 6.63 - 6.58 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.72 (s, 2H), 2.68 - 2.60 (m, 6H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 0.95 (s, 9H).
I-65 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-{{[2-(4-methoxy-		354	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.05 (t, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, 2H), 6.84 (d, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H),

phenyl)-ethylamino]-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			3.75 (s, 2H), 3.25 (d, 2H), 2.77 (m, 4H), 0.97 (s, 9H).
I-66 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		422	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.10 (t, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.05 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.26 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.83 - 2.70 (m, 4H), 2.50 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-67 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.10 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.27 (d, 2H), 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.84 - 2.68 (m, 7H), 1.12 (d, 6H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-68 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[(2-{4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-ethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		466	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.10 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, 2H), 6.86 (d, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.30 - 3.19 (m, 6H), 2.82 - 2.60 (m, 11H), 0.96 (s, 9H).
I-69 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-{{2-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		354	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.03 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.80 - 6.70 (m, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.26 (d, 2H), 2.80 (m, 4H), 0.96 (s, 9H).

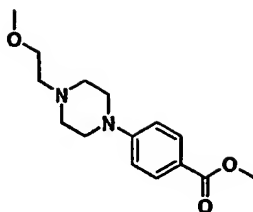
pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			
I-70 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-({2-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		422	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.07 (t, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.80 - 6.20 (m, 3H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.28 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.80 (m, 4H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 9H).
I-71 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-({2-[4-(4-isopropylpiperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.07 (t, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.82 - 6.65 (m, 3H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.29 (d, 2H), 3.22 (m, 4H), 2.86 - 2.70 (m, 6H), 1.13 (d, 6H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-72 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-[(2-pyrrol-1-ylethylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		313	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.72 (t, 1H), 6.3 (m, 2H), 6.17 (m, 2H), 4.02 (t, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-73 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-[(3-piperidin-1-ylpropylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		345	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.80 (t, 1H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.30 (s, 2H), 2.94 - 2.59 (m, 8H), 2.06 - 1.82 (m, 6H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 0.994 (s, (H).
I-74 4-(2,2-Dimethylpropylamino)-5-{[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-		382	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.77 (t, 1H), 7.21 (d, 2H), 6.85 (d, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.23

propylamino]-methyl}-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			(d, 2H), 2.65 (s, 2H), 1.30 (s, 6H), 0.92 (s, 9H).
I-75 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-methyl-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-propylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		450	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.84 (t, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.18 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.28 - 3.21 (m, 6H), 2.63 (s, 2H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H). 1.30 (s, 6H), 0.94 (s, 9H).
I-76 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-({2-[4-(4-isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-2-methyl-propylamino}-methyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		478	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.85 (t, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.26 - 3.18 (m, 6H), 2.75 - 2.60 (m, 7H), 1.30 (s, 6H), 1.11 (d, 6H), 0.94 (s, 9H).
I-77 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[(2-{4-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-2-methyl-propylamino)-methyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		508	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.84 (t, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, 2H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 3.63 - 3.59 (m, 4H), 3.53 (q, 2H), 3.26 - 3.18 (m, 6H), 2.70 - 2.60 (m, 8H), 1.30 (s, 6H), 1.23 (t, 6H), 0.94 (s, 9H).
I-78 N-(2-Cyano-4-isobutylamino-pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)-4-(4-		435	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.87 (t, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 2.35 (d, 2H), 3.14

isopropyl-piperazin-1-yl)-benzamide			(m, 4H), 2.63 (s, 2H), 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 6H), 0.94 (s, 9H).
I-79 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		395	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.81 (t, 1H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.56 - 6.43 m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H), 3.19 (m, 4H), 2.62 (m, 4H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-80 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		395	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.85 (t, 1H), 6.88 (2d, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H), 3.10 (m, 4H), 2.62 (m, 4H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-81 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-{{[1-methyl-1-(1-phenyl-cyclopropyl)-ethylamino]-methyl}-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		378	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.34 - 7.21 (m, 5H), 3.83 (s, 2H) 3.19 (d, 2H), 1.11 (s, 6H) 0.96 (q, 2H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.77 (q, 2H).

The piperazinyl-benzoic acid precursors used in the preparation of the above compounds may be prepared substantially as described below for the reference 4-[4-[(2-methoxyethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]benzoic acid precursor.

Preparation of piperazinyl-benzoic acids:

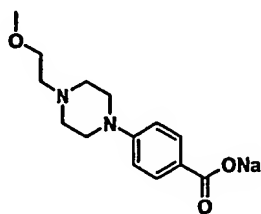


A) 4-[4-(2-Methoxy-ethyl) -piperazin-1-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester

To 10 ml of 1,4-dioxan is added 0.645 g (3.0 mmol) of methyl-4-bromobenzoate 0.519 g (3.6 mmol) of 1-(2-methoxy-ethyl-piperazine, 0.892 g (8.47 mmol) of potassium phosphate, 0.177 g (0.45 mmol) of 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2'-(N,N-dimethyl-amino)biphenyl and 0.137 g (0.15 mmol) tris-(benzylideneacetone)palladium (0). The resulting reaction mixture is stirred under argon for 5 hours at 100 °C, then cooled to room temperature, diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered. The filtrate is washed once with H₂O and once with brine, the organic layer separated and dried over Na₂SO₄. Purification of the crude product by flash chromatography (dichloromethane/methanol) yields 0.52 g of 4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl) -piperazin-1-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester as a solid.

MS (ES⁺): 279 (M+H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.94 (d, 2H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.55 (t, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.36 (m, 4H), 2.68 (m, 6H).



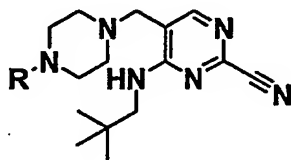
B) 4-[4-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzoic acid sodium salt

To 4 ml of MeOH/H₂O (1:1) is added 0.52 g (1.87 mmol) of 4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl) -piperazin-1-yl]benzoic acid methyl ester and 0.078 g (1.96 mmol) of NaOH (30%). The resulting reaction mixture is stirred 1 hour at 80° C, then cooled to room temperature and

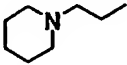
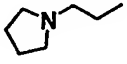
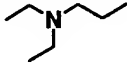
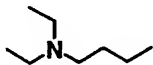
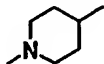

diluted with H₂O. The H₂O-layer is extracted 3 times with diethyl ether and then lyophilised to yield 0.47 g of 4-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-benzoic acid sodium salt as a white solid.

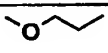
MS (ES⁺): 265 (M+H)⁺

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): 7.97 (d, 2H), 7.04 (d, 2H), 3.72 (t, 2H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.42 (m, 4H), 2.82 (m, 6H).



Ex	R	MS (ES ⁺) (M+H) ⁺	¹ H-NMR
I-82 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(2-pyridin-4-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		394	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.50 (d, 2H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.83 (t, 1H), 7.13 (d, 2H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.65 - 2.40 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-83 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		394	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.50 (d, 1H), 7.88 (s & t, 2H), 7.59 (t, 1H), 7.19 -7.10 (m, 2H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.60 - 2.41 (m, broad, 8H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-84 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-(4-pyridin-4-ylmethyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		380	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.53 (d, 2H), 7.89 s, 1H), 7.84 (t, 1H), 7.27 (d, 2H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 2.60 - 2.40 (m, broad, 8H), 0.99 (s, 9H).

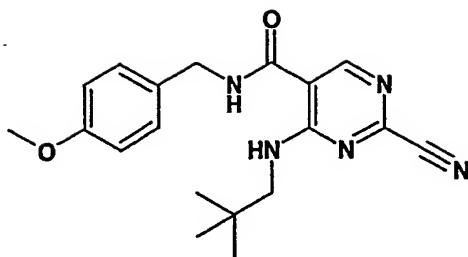
I-85 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		400	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.85 (s & t, 2H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 2.60 - 2.38 (m, 16H), 1.60 (m, 4H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-86 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		386	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.86 (s & t, 2H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 2.70 - 2.40 (m, 16H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.00 (s, 9H).
I-87 5-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		388	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.89 (s & t, 2H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.31 (d, 2H), 2.64 - 2.42 (m, 16H), 1.06 (t, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H).
I-88 5-[4-(3-Diethylamino-propyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		402	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.89 (s & t, 2H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 2.60 - 2.32 (m, 16H), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.06 (t, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H).
I-89 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(1-methyl-piperidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		386	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.92 (t, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.29 (d, 2H), 2.95 (d, broad, 2H), 2.64 - 2.41 (m, broad, 8H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.20 - 1.59 (m, 5H), 0.99 (s, 9H).
I-90 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-		357	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.96 (t, 1H), 7.85 (s,

propylamino)-5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-piperidin-1-ylmethyl)-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile			1H), 3.44 (s, 2H), 3.29 (d, 2H), 2.85 (d, broad, 2H), 2.60 (m, broad, 4H), 2.05 (m, 3H), 1.99 - 1.50 (m, 8H), 0.98 (s, 9H).
I-91 4-(2,2-Dimethyl-propylamino)-5-[4-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-ylmethyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile		347	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 7.87 (s & t, 2H), 3.50 (t, 2H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.30 (d, 2H), 2.62 -2.48 (m, broad, 10H), 1.00 (s, 9H).

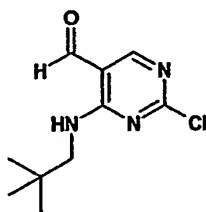
Example II describes the preparation of 5-amido substituted-pyrimidine-2-carbonitriles

Example II-1.

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide

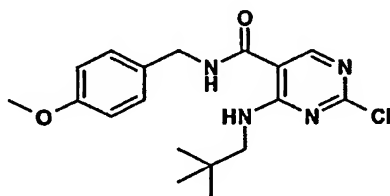


A. 2-Chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carbaldehyde



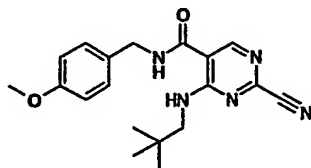
To a solution of (5-bromo-2-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(2,2-dimethyl-propyl)-amine (30 g, 108 mmol) in THF (500 ml) is added n-butyllithium (1.6 mol/l in n-hexane, 148 ml, 237 mmol) dropwise at -78°C and the mixture is stirred for 10 min. Ethylformate (19 ml, 230 mol) is added dropwise to the mixture at -78°C , and the reaction mixture is allowed to warm to ambient temperature. After being stirred for 1 hour, the reaction mixture is quenched with saturated NH_4Cl at -78°C and then extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts are washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent : n-hexane : AcOEt = 4:1) give 2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carbaldehyde. $R_f = 0.56$ (n-hexane : AcOEt = 1:1). ^1H NMR (400MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 1.00 (s, 9H), 3.41 (d, 2H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.88 (brs, 1H), 9.84 (s, 1H).

B. 2-Chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide



To a solution of 2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carbaldehyde (1.2 g, 5.27 mmol) in THF (20 ml) is added sulfamic acid (0.819 g, 8.4 mmol) at ambient temperature. To the mixture, sodium chlorite (1.43 g, 15.8 mmol) in water (10 ml) is added dropwise at 0 °C and the reaction mixture is allowed to warm to ambient temperature. After being stirred for 30 min. at ambient temperature, the reaction mixture is diluted with water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts are washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude acid (1.17 g). To a solution of the crude acid (0.5 g, 2.05 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml) are added oxalyl chloride (0.36 ml, 4.1 mmol) and catalytic amount of DMF successively at 0 °C, and the mixture is allowed to warm to ambient temperature. After being stirred for 1 hour at ambient temperature, the mixture is transferred to a solution of p-methoxybenzylamine (2.25 g, 16.7 mmol) in THF (30 ml) at -10 °C - -20 °C and the reaction mixture is stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture is quenched with cold water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts are washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent : n-hexane : AcOEt = 2:1) give 2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide. R_f = 0.38 (n-hexane : AcOEt = 2:1). ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 1.01 (s, 9H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.52 (d, 2H), 6.23 (brs, 1H), 6.90 (d, 2H), 7.25 (d, 2H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 9.09 (brs, 1H).

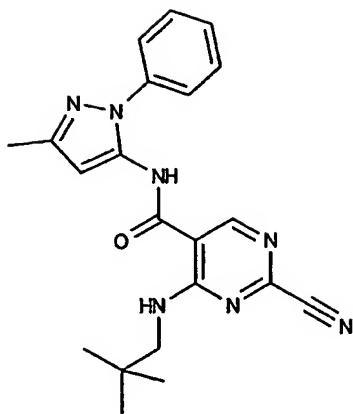
C. 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide



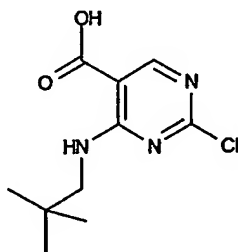
To a solution of NaCN (95 mg, 1.9 mmol) in water (1ml) and DMSO (10 ml) are added 1,4-diazabicyclo[2,2,2]octane (48 mg, 0.43 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide (470 mg, 1.3 mmol) in DMSO (2ml) successively at ambient temperature. After being stirred for 2 hours at 50 °C, the reaction mixture is poured into cold water and extracted with AcOEt . The combined extracts are washed with water, brine and dried over MgSO₄. The concentrated residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent : n-hexane : AcOEt = 2:1) give 2-cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid 4-methoxy-benzylamide. R_f = 0.45 (n-hexane : AcOEt = 2:1). ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 1.00 (s, 9H), 3.37 (d, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.53 (d, 2H), 6.36 (brs, 1H), 6.89 (d , 2H), 7.25 (d , 2H), 8.28 (s , 1H), 9.08 (brs , 1H).

II-2

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (5-methyl-2-phenyl-2.H.-pyrazol-3-yl)-amide

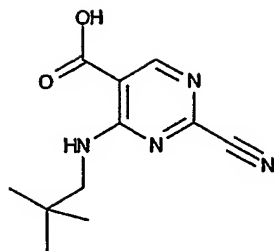


A. 2-Chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid



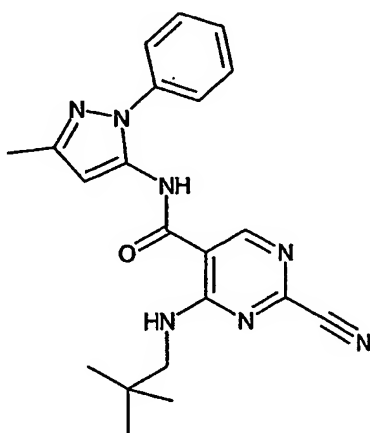
To a solution of 2,4-Dichloro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (1.04 g, 5.39 mmol) and triethylamine (1.65 ml, 11.9 mmol) in DMSO (10 ml) is added neopentylamine (0.517 g, 5.93 mmol) at ambient temperature under N_2 atmosphere. After being stirred at $80^\circ C$ for 3 hours, the reaction mixture is diluted with cold water (50 ml) and 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (7.0 ml), and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The extract is washed with brine, dried over $MgSO_4$ and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product. $R_f = 0.27$ (AcOEt : MeOH = 10:1). 1H NMR(400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 0.93(s, 9H), 3.31(d, 2H), 8.58(s, 1H), 8.77(br, 1H).

B. 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid



To a solution of NaCN (332 mg, 6.78 mmol) in water (2 ml) and DMSO (8 ml) are added 1,4-diazabicyclo[2,2,2]octane (658 mg, 5.87 mmol) and 2-chloro-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (1.10 g, 4.52 mmol) successively at ambient temperature. After being stirred for 1 hours at 70 °C, the reaction mixture is diluted with cold water (50 ml) and 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (11.7 ml), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extract is washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the crude product. R_f = 0.22 (AcOEt : MeOH = 10:1). ¹H NMR(400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 0.94(s, 9H), 3.34(d, 2H), 8.73(s, 1H), 8.94(br, 1H).

C. 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (5-methyl-2-phenyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amide



To a solution of 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (150 mg, 0.640 mmol), 5-Methyl-2-phenyl-2H-pyrazol-3-ylamine (211 mg, 1.28 mmol) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole(147 mg, 1.28 mmol) in DMF (5 ml) is added 1-ethyl-3-(3-

dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide (199 mg, 1.28 mmol) at ambient temperature. After being stirred for 15 hours at ambient temperature, the reaction mixture is diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated NaHCO₃, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The crude product is purified by reverse-phase HPLC to give the product. R_f = 0.44 (n-hexane : AcOEt = 1:1). ¹H NMR(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.98(s, 9H), 2.33(s, 3H), 3.37(d, 2H), 6.55(s, 1H), 7.41-7.53(m, 5H), 8.24(s, 1H), 9.01(br, 1H).

By repeating the procedures described above using appropriate starting materials and conditions the following compounds of formula XI are obtained as identified below in Table 2.

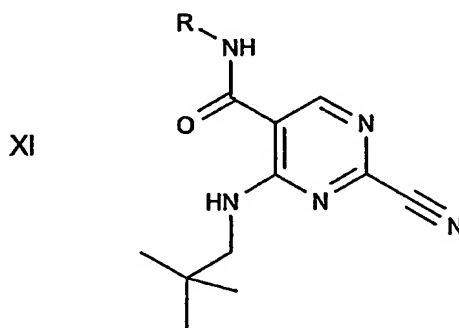
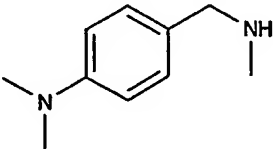
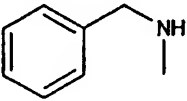
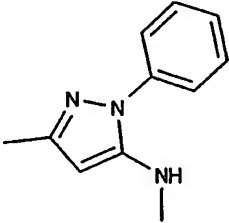
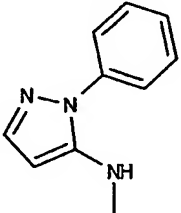
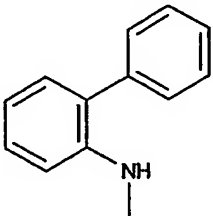
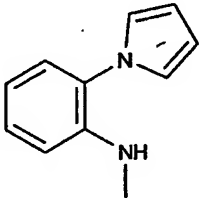
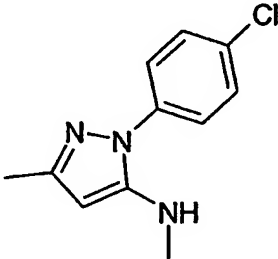
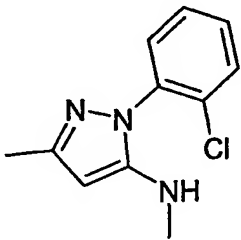
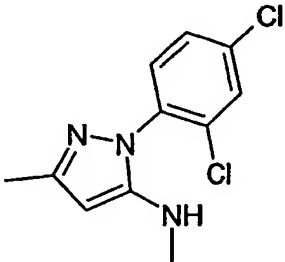


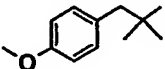
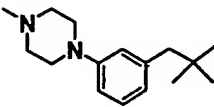
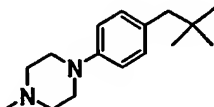
Table 2

Example No.		Yield (%)	R _f (solvent)	¹ H NMR(400 MHz, δ)
II-3		56	0.63 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 1.00(s, 9H), 3.37(d, 2H), 4.57(d, 2H), 6.61(br, 1H), 7.27(d, 2H), 7.33(d, 2H), 8.32(s, 1H), 9.05(br,

				1H)
II-4		47	0.54 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 1.00(s, 9H), 2.95(s, 6H), 3.36(d, 2H), 4.47(d, 2H), 6.37(br, 1H), 6.70(d, 2H), 7.19(d, 2H), 8.25(s, 1H), 9.11(br, 1H)
II-5		27	0.64 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 1.00(s, 9H), 3.38(d, 2H), 4.61(d, 2H), 6.38(br, 1H), 7.32-7.38(m, 5H), 8.30(s, 1H), 9.07(br, 1H)
II-2		34	0.44 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 0.98(s, 9H), 2.33(s, 3H), 3.37(d, 2H), 6.55(s, 1H), 7.41-7.53(m, 5H), 8.24(s, 1H), 9.01(br, 1H)
II-6		27	0.40 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 0.99(s, 9H), 3.39(d, 2H), 6.77(d, 1H), 7.47-7.58(m, 5H), 7.68(d, 1H), 8.24(s, 1H), 8.97(br, 1H)

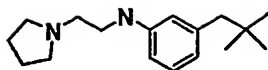
II-7		26	0.73 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 1.00(s, 9H), 3.38(d, 2H), 7.28-7.54(m, 8H), 7.86(brs, 1H), 7.91(s, 1H), 8.31(d, 1H), 9.05(br, 1H)
II-8		22	0.67 (n-hexane:AcOEt=1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 1.00(s, 9H), 3.38(d, 2H), 6.47-6.49(m, 2H), 6.81-6.82(m, 2H), 7.26-7.29(m, 1H), 7.40-7.43(m, 1H), 7.45-7.49(m, 1H), 7.59(brs, 1H), 7.93(s, 1H), 8.42(d, 1H), 9.05(br, 1H)
II-9		22	0.46 (n-hexane:AcOEt =1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 0.97(s, 9H), 2.32(s, 3H), 3.37(d, 2H), 6.46(s, 1H), 7.38(d, 2H), 7.44(d, 2H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.93(br, 1H)
II-10		23	0.37 (n-hexane:AcOEt =1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 0.98(s, 9H), 2.31(s, 3H), 3.37(d, 2H), 6.48(s, 1H), 7.30-7.42(m, 3H), 7.49(m, 1H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.91(br, 1H)

II-11		10	0.50 (n-hexane:AcOEt =1:1)	(CDCl ₃) 0.97(s, 9H), 2.34(s, 3H), 3.35(d, 2H), 6.48(s, 1H), 7.38-7.45(m, 2H), 7.56(m, 1H), 7.83(br, 1H), 8.27(s, 1H), 8.81(br, 1H)
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Ex	R	MS (ES+) (M+H) +	¹ H-NMR
II-12 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid [2-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl]-amide		396	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.92 (t, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, 2H), 6.82 (d, 2H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.38 (d, 2H), 3.22 (s, 2H), 1.45 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H).
II-13 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid {1,1-dimethyl-2-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl}-amide		464	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.97 (t, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.18 (t, 1H), 6.80 (m, 1H), 6.68 -6.60 (m, 2H), 3.37 (d, 2H), 3.16 (m, 4H), 3.02 (s, 2H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H).
II-14 2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid {1,1-dimethyl-2-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl}-amide		464	(300MHz, CDCl ₃): 8.92 (t, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, 2H), 6.84 (d, 2H), 5.71 (s, 1H), 3.38 (d, 2H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 2.60 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s, 9H).

II-15

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid {1,1-dimethyl-2-[3-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethylamino)-phenyl]-ethyl}-amide

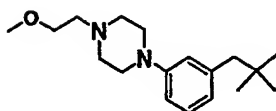


478

(300MHz, CDCl₃):
8.95 (t, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H),
7.10 (t, 1H), 6.54 - 6.40
(m, 3H), 5.93 (s, 1H),
3.37 (d, 2H), 3.18 (t, 2H),
2.94 (s, 2H), 2.80 (t, 2H),
2.65 (m, 4H), 1.84 (m,
4H), 1.49 (s, 6H), 1.00 (s,
9H).

II-16

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (2-{3-[4-(2-ethoxy-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-amide

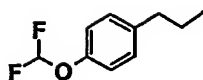


522

(300MHz, CDCl₃):
8.96 (t, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H),
7.16 (t, 1H), 6.80 (m,
1H), 6.65 - 6.58 (m, 2H),
5.80 (s, 1H), 3.60 (t, 2H),
3.52 (q, 2H), 3.35 (d,
2H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 3.01
(s, 2H), 2.65 (m, 6H),
1.47 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, 3H),
1.00 (s, 9H).

II-17

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid [2-(4-difluoromethoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-amide

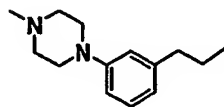


404

(300MHz, CDCl₃):
9.00 (t, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H),
7.21 (d, 2H), 7.08 (d,
2H), 6.14 (t, 1H), 3.68
(m, 2H), 3.36 (d, 2H),
2.93 (t, 2H), 1.00 (s, 9H).

II-18

2-Cyano-4-(2,2-dimethyl-propylamino)-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid {2-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethyl}-amide

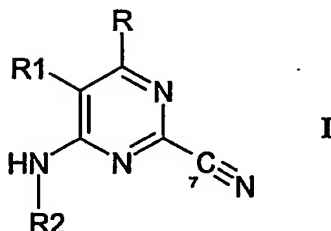


436

(400MHz, DMSO-d₆):
9.28 (t, 1H), 8.92 (t, 1H),
7.21 (t, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H),
6.76 (d, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H),
3.49 (q, 2H), 3.30 (d,
2H), 3.11 (m, 4H), 2.78
(t, 2H), 2.48 (m, 4H),
2.22 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H).

CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein

R is H, -R4, -OR4 or NR3R4,

wherein R3 is H, lower alkyl or C₃ to C₁₀ cycloalkyl, and

R4 is lower alkyl or C₃ to C₁₀ cycloalkyl,

wherein R3 and R4 are independently, optionally substituted by halo, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, CN, NO₂, or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino; R1 is -CO-NR5R6, -NH-CO-R5, -CH₂-NH-C(O)-R5, -CO-R5, -S(O)-R5, -S(O)₂-R5, -CH₂-CO-R5 or -CH₂-NR5R6,

wherein

R5 is aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl,

R6 is H, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, aryl-lower-alkenyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl, or

wherein R5 and R6 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached are joined to form an N-heterocyclyl group,

wherein N-heterocyclyl denotes a saturated, partially unsaturated or aromatic nitrogen containing heterocyclic moiety attached via a nitrogen atom thereof having from 3 to 8 ring atoms optionally containing a further 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR₇, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R₇ is H or optionally substituted (lower alkyl, carboxy, acyl (including both lower alkyl acyl, e.g. formyl, acetyl or propionyl, or aryl acyl, e.g. benzoyl), amido, aryl, S(O) or S(O)₂), and wherein the N-heterocyclyl is optionally fused in a bicyclic structure, e.g. with a benzene or

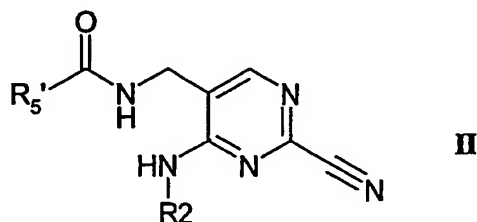
pyridine ring, and wherein the N-heterocyclyl is optionally linked in a spiro structure with a 3 to 8 membered cycloalkyl or heterocyclic ring wherein the heterocyclic ring has from 3 to 10 ring members and contains from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR₆, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R₆ is as defined above), and

wherein heterocyclyl denotes a ring having from 3 to 10 ring members and containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from N, NR₇, O, S, S(O) or S(O)₂ wherein R₇ is as defined above), and

wherein R₅ and R₆ are independently, optionally substituted by one or more groups, e.g. 1-3 groups, selected from halo, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, CN or NO₂, or optionally substituted (optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino, lower alkoxy, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, N-heterocyclyl or N-heterocyclyl-lower alkyl (wherein the optional substitution comprises from 1 to 3 substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy-lower alkyl, lower alkoxy-carbonyl CN, NO₂, optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino, N-heterocyclyl or N-heterocyclyl-lower alkyl or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino; R₂ is independently H, or optionally substituted (lower alkyl, aryl, aryl-lower alkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl, C₃-C₁₀cycloalkyl-lower alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl-lower alkyl), and

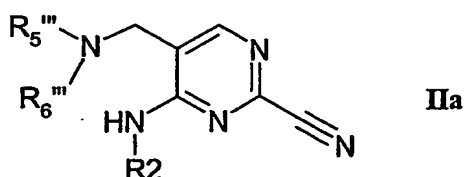
wherein R₂ is optionally substituted by halo, hydroxy, oxo, lower alkoxy, CN, NO₂, or optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted amino.

2. A compound according to claim 1 of formula II, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



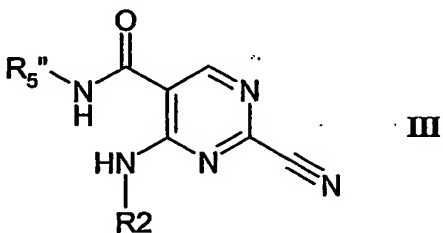
wherein R₂ is as defined above and R₅' is as defined above for R₅ in claim 1.

3. A compound according to claim 1 of formula IIa, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



wherein R2 is as defined above and R5''' and R6''' is as defined above for R5 and R6 respectively in claim 1.

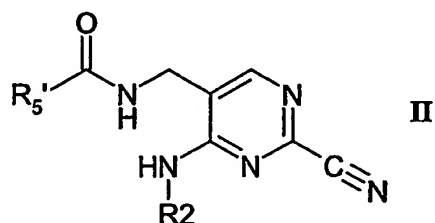
4. A compound according to claim 1 of formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof



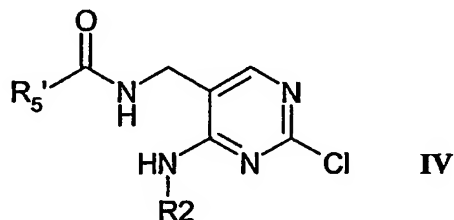
wherein R2 is as defined above and R5'' is as defined above for R5 in claim 1.

5. A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, selected from any one of the Examples.
6. A compound according to claim 1 for use as a pharmaceutical.
7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 1 as an active ingredient.

8. A method of treating a patient suffering from or susceptible to a disease or medical condition in which cathepsin K is implicated, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1 to the patient.
9. The use of a compound according to claim 1 for the preparation of a medicament for therapeutic or prophylactic treatment of a disease or medical condition in which cathepsin K is implicated.
10. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula II or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

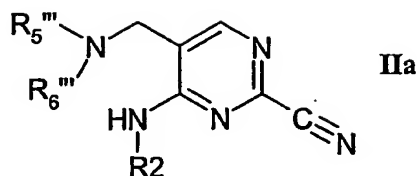


wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above, comprising cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula IV

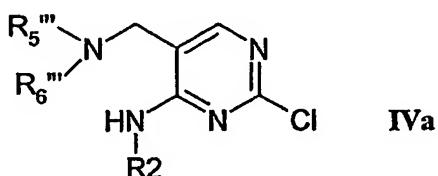


wherein R2 and R5' are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula II, or into a salt or ester thereof.

- 11 A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula IIa or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

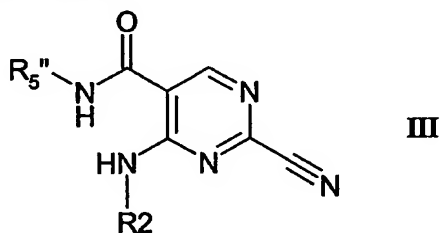


wherein R2, R5'' and R6'' are as defined above, comprising cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula IVa

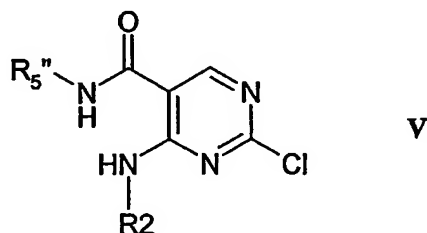


wherein R2, R5'' and R6'' are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula IIa, or into a salt or ester thereof.

12. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof

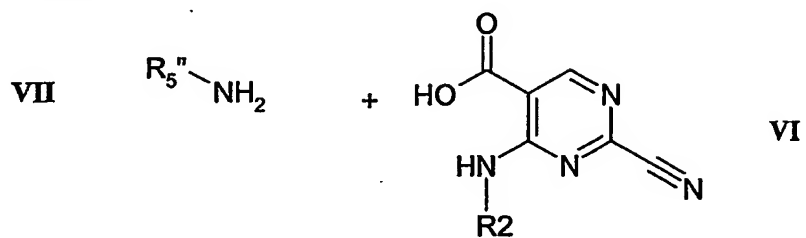


wherein R2 and R5'' are as defined above, comprising
either
cyanation of a 2-chloro precursor of formula V



or

coupling of a carboxylic acid precursor of formula VI with a corresponding amine of formula VII



wherein the R₂ and R₅'' are as defined above, and thereafter, if desired, converting the product obtained into a further compound of formula III, or into a salt or ester thereof.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/EP 02/09661

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 A61K31/506 C07D239/42 A61P29/00 C07D401/12 C07D403/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A61K C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 97 09315 A (SIGNAL PHARM INC (US)) 13 March 1997 (1997-03-13) page 1, line 9 page 8; table 1 page 34 -page 39; claims 1,2,4-7,13-15,19,34-44	1-12
A	DE 198 17 459 A (BASF AG (D)) 21 October 1999 (1999-10-21) the whole document	1-12
A	WO 01 19816 A (BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM PHARMA (D)) 22 March 2001 (2001-03-22) the whole document	1-12
	-/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- *Z* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

29 October 2002

Date of mailing of the international search report

11/11/2002

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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Authorized officer

Cortés, J

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 02/09661

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P,X	WO 01 83460 A (TANABE SEIYAKU CO (JP)) 8 November 2001 (2001-11-08) preparation of the examples using 2-cyano-4-amino-5-carbonyl-pyrimidine derivatives, e.g. pages 55-58 e.g. compound with the RN: 372112-77-1 4-''(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)methyl amino!-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoyl)- 2-Pyrimidinecarbonitrile -----	1,4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/EP 02/09661

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.: —
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.1

Although claim 8 is directed to a method of treatment of the human body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound.

Continuation of Box I.1

Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP 02/09661

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9709315	A	13-03-1997	US 5811428 A	22-09-1998
			AU 726058 B2	26-10-2000
			AU 7013096 A	27-03-1997
			AU 726522 B2	09-11-2000
			AU 7163196 A	27-03-1997
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			CA 2230896 A1	13-03-1997
			EP 0850228 A1	01-07-1998
			JP 11512390 T	26-10-1999
			JP 11512399 T	26-10-1999
			WO 9709325 A1	13-03-1997
			WO 9709315 A1	13-03-1997
			US 5935966 A	10-08-1999
DE 19817459	A	21-10-1999	DE 19817459 A1	21-10-1999
			AU 3927199 A	08-11-1999
			BG 104831 A	31-05-2001
			BR 9909772 A	19-12-2000
			CA 2328438 A1	28-10-1999
			CN 1301255 T	27-06-2001
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			EP 1073638 A1	07-02-2001
			HR 20000786 A1	31-08-2001
			HU 0101688 A2	28-11-2001
			JP 2002512228 T	23-04-2002
			NO 20005264 A	19-10-2000
			PL 343467 A1	13-08-2001
			SK 14522000 A3	10-05-2001
			TR 200003056 T2	21-02-2001
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			CZ 20020844 A3	12-06-2002
			EP 1218372 A1	03-07-2002
			NO 20021207 A	12-03-2002
			US 2002058809 A1	16-05-2002
			WO 0119816 A1	22-03-2001
			US 6420364 B1	16-07-2002
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			AU 7311800 A	17-04-2001
			BR 0014526 A	18-06-2002
			CN 1374953 T	16-10-2002
			EP 1219609 A1	03-07-2002
			WO 0119802 A1	22-03-2001
			WO 0183460 A1	08-11-2001
			JP 2002012587 A	15-01-2002
			NO 20021308 A	24-04-2002
			TR 200200701 T2	21-06-2002